

Van: Equal Times Newsroom <info@equaltimes.org>
Verzonden: donderdag 31 januari 2013 15:46
Aan: Veerle Solia
Onderwerp: Equal Times newsletter: Egypt, global unemployment and more



= NO EQUALITY, NO STABILITY

Two years after the revolutions in the Arab region, too many countries are still a long way from the democracy that people fought for, and from the reforms they demanded.

The most recent riots in Egypt provide more evidence of the widespread frustration and discontent in the system of social injustice that persists with the regime of Mohamed Morsi.

Over the few last months, the IMF has been arguing that inequality is directly related to economic instability. The issue was also discussed at the World Economic Forum (WEF) of Davos last week, where the global elite expressed their concerns about the constant turmoil in the Middle East.

Democracy is still far from certain, many observed, and the recession has left hundreds of thousands of young people jobless and frustrated that their revolutions haven't produced any concrete improvements.

But what the international financial institutions didn't say is how they contribute to those situations.

In Egypt, for instance, the programs imposed by the IMF in the early 1990s led to massive privatisation and to cut spending on services, depriving millions of Egyptians of their right to healthcare, education and employment.

As for today, a new IMF loan to the Morsi government will be used to bridge the budget deficit. However, independent trade unions argue that the loan will not bring economic investment or social development, prevent any attempts at real recovery or to address the increasing unemployment, especially among young people.

From this perspective, the WEF could have done much more to tackle the many challenges that structural economic reforms are producing in countries like Egypt.

According to Ángel Gurría, secretary-general of the OECD, in Davos, the sole focus on the economic crisis has 'distracted' leaders from many other important issues, including education, the social consequences of unemployment and promoting ways to deal with climate change.

Vittorio Longhi,

Editor

= HIGHLIGHTS



EGYPT: “TRADE UNIONS HOLD THE ANSWER TO OUR PROBLEMS”

Posted on January 28, 2013

Why are Egyptians still protesting two years after the Revolution? And what can the unions do about it?

[READ MORE](#)

GLOBAL: NEW REPORT DEMANDS SOLUTION TO UNEMPLOYMENT CRISIS

Posted on January 22, 2013

A new ILO report reveals some grim statistics on global employment.

[READ MORE](#)

GLOBAL: WILL 2013 BE THE YEAR OF REAL CLIMATE ACTION?

Posted on January 24, 2013

Kumi Naidoo of Greenpeace looks into his crystal ball to predict what the climate change movement can expect from 2013.

[READ MORE](#)

= CAMPAIGN

QATAR: NO WORLD CUP WITHOUT WORKERS’ RIGHTS



More people will die building Qatar's World Cup stadiums than will play in the World Cup

1.2 million workers in Qatar are prohibited from joining a trade union, in violation of international rights to freedom of association and collective bargaining. And incredibly, 94 per cent of working people in Qatar are migrant workers, with no rights at work. We want people to know about the problems facing workers in Qatar. Don't let your World Cup team play in a shamed stadium. Help us tell the Qatari authorities they should do the right thing for workers and allow them to form and join a trade union.

[READ MORE](#)

= COMING SOON

INDIA: INDIGENOUS PEOPLES AND THE FIGHT FOR SURVIVAL

India is home to more than 70 million indigenous peoples, or Adivasis. More than 95 per cent live in rural areas where they continue to be afflicted by economic exploitation and land grabs. Equal Times travels to Orissa State to interview the leader of a group fighting to reclaim their people's land – and dignity.

Equaltimes.org • [Unsubscribe here](#) • More info : info@equaltimes.org